

## §2. An example: $\mathbf{Z}_2$

$$H = \mathbf{Z}_2 = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\}.$$

$d=1$

$s$  acts on  $k[x, y]$  by interchanging  $x$  and  $y$ .

${}^H k[x, y] = k[\tau, \delta]$  where  $\tau = x + y$  and  $\delta = xy$ .

$d=2$

$x_1 \ x_2$

$y_1 \ y_2$

$${}^H k[M_{2,2}] = k[\tau_1, \tau_2, \delta_1, \delta_2, F_{12}]$$

$$\tau_1 = x_1 + y_1, \quad \delta_1 = x_1 y_1$$

$$\tau_2 = x_2 + y_2, \text{ a polarization of } \tau_1$$

$$\delta_2 = x_2 y_2, \text{ a polarization of } \delta_1$$

$$F_{12} = x_1 x_2 + y_1 y_2, \text{ a polarization of } \delta_1$$

Put  $g = \begin{pmatrix} a & c \\ b & d \end{pmatrix}$ . Then  $g * x_1 = ax_1 + bx_2$  and  $g * y_1 = ay_1 + by_2$ .

$$\begin{aligned} g * \delta_1 &= g * x_1 y_1 = (ax_1 + bx_2)(ay_1 + by_2) = a^2 x_1 y_1 + ab(x_1 y_2 + x_2 y_1) + b^2 x_2 y_2 \\ x_1 x_2 + y_1 y_2 &= (x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2) - (x_1 y_2 + x_2 y_1) \end{aligned}$$

$d \geq 2$ ,  $\text{char } k \neq 2$

$x_1 \ x_2 \ \dots \ x_d$

$y_1 \ y_2 \ \dots \ y_d$

$${}^Hk[M_{2,d}] = \text{GL}_d * {}^Hk[M_{2,2}] = k[\tau_i, \delta_i, F_{ij}]$$

$$\tau_i = x_i + y_i, \quad 2 \leq i \leq d, \text{ polarization of } \tau_1$$

$$\delta_i = x_i y_i, \quad 2 \leq i \leq d, \text{ polarization of } \delta_1$$

$$F_{ij} = x_i x_j + y_i y_j, \text{ polarization of } \delta_1$$

$d = 3, \text{char } k \neq 2$

$${}^H k[M_{2,3}] = k[\tau_1, \tau_2, \tau_3, \delta_1, \delta_2, \delta_3, F_{12}, F_{13}, F_{23}]$$

$$F_{123} = x_1x_2x_3 + y_1y_2y_3$$

$$2F_{123} = F_{12}\tau_3 + F_{13}\tau_2 + F_{23}\tau_1 - \tau_1\tau_2\tau_3 \quad \text{in algebra of polarized invariants}$$

$$\underline{d=3, \text{char } k=2}$$

$${}^Hk[M_{2,3}] = k[\tau_1, \tau_2, \tau_3, \delta_1, \delta_2, \delta_3, F_{12}, F_{13}, F_{23}, F_{123}]$$

$$\tau_i = x_i + y_i, \delta_i = x_i y_i, F_{ij} = x_i x_j + y_i y_j$$

$$\mathrm{GL}_3 * {}^Hk[\mathrm{M}_{2,1}] = k[\tau_1, \tau_2, \tau_3, \delta_1, \delta_2, \delta_3, F_{12}, F_{13}, F_{23}]$$

$$F_{123} = x_1 x_2 x_3 + y_1 y_2 y_3$$

$${F_{123}}^2 = F_{12} F_{13} F_{23} + \delta_1 \delta_2 {\tau_3}^2 + \delta_1 \delta_3 {\tau_2}^2 + \delta_2 \delta_3 {\tau_1}^2 \in \mathrm{GL}_3 * {}^Hk[\mathrm{M}_{2,1}]$$

$d \geq 2$ , char  $k = 2$

$${}^H k[\mathbf{M}_{2,d}] = k[\tau_i; \delta_i; F_{ij}; \mu \cdot (x_1 \dots x_i + y_1 \dots y_i), \mu \in S_d]$$

$S_d$ : permutation group on  $d$  letters)

$$\mathrm{GL}_d * {}^H k[\mathbf{M}_{2,1}] = k[\tau_i; \delta_i; F_{ij}]$$

$$(\mu \cdot (x_1 \dots x_i + y_1 \dots y_i))^2 \in \mathrm{GL}_d * {}^H k[\mathbf{M}_{2,1}]$$

$$\underline{d \geq 2, \operatorname{char} k = 2, H = \mathbf{Z}_2}$$

$${}^Hk[\mathbf{M}_{2,d}] = k[\tau_i; \delta_i; F_{ij}; \mu \cdot (x_1 \dots x_i + y_1 \dots y_i), \mu \in S_d]$$

$$\mathrm{GL}_d * {}^Hk[\mathbf{M}_{2,1}] = k[\tau_i; \delta_i; F_{ij}]$$

$$(\mu \cdot (x_1 \dots x_i + y_1 \dots y_i))^2 \in \mathrm{GL}_d * {}^Hk[\mathbf{M}_{2,1}]$$

(has generators of degree  $d$ )

$d \geq 2$ ,  $\text{char } k \neq 2$ ,  $H = \mathbf{Z}_2$

$x_1 \ x_2 \ \dots \ x_d$

$y_1 \ y_2 \ \dots \ y_d$

${}^H k[\mathbf{M}_{2,d}] = \mathbf{GL}_d * {}^H k[\mathbf{M}_{2,2}] = k[\tau_i, \delta_i, F_{ij}]$

$\tau_i = x_i + y_i, \ 2 \leq i \leq d,$  polarization of  $\tau_1$

$\delta_i = x_i y_i, \ 2 \leq i \leq d,$  polarization of  $\delta_1$

$F_{ij} = x_i x_j + y_i y_j,$  polarization of  $\delta_1$

$$\underline{d \geq 2, \operatorname{char} k = 2, H = \mathbf{Z}_2}$$

$${}^Hk[\mathbf{M}_{2,\,d}] = k[\tau_i;\, \delta_i;\, F_{ij};\, \mu \cdot (x_1 \ldots x_i + y_1 \ldots y_i),\, \mu \in S_d]$$

$$\mathrm{GL}_d * {}^Hk[\mathbf{M}_{2,\,1}] = k[\tau_i;\, \delta_i;\, F_{ij}]$$

$$(\mu \cdot (x_1 \ldots x_i + y_1 \ldots y_i))^2 \in \mathrm{GL}_d * {}^Hk[\mathbf{M}_{2,\,1}]$$